St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery

Safeguarding & Child Protection Policy



I came so that you may have life, life in all its fullness" John 10:10

St Michael's Catholic Primary School and Nursery is a Catholic family of faith following the teachings of Christ. We strive to create an environment where all members of our school community respect the values of: Church, Independence, Resilience, Caring, Learning and Enjoyment for all. Belief in these values will nurture all as individuals and instil in them the confidence to meet their full potential, providing them with the best grounding for their future place in an ever-changing world.

Policy Date	September 2023
Signed by Head Teacher	Mrs N Collins
Review Date	September 2024

Safeguarding & Child Protection Policy

Medway Template Safeguarding & Child Protection Policy for Schools 2023 - 24

This is a core policy that forms part of the induction for all staff. It is a requirement that all members of staff have access to this policy and can demonstrate they have read and understand their safeguarding responsibilities.

Date written: September, 2023

Date of last update: September 2022

Date agreed and ratified by Governing Body: [Month, Year]

Date of next review: September 2024

This policy will be reviewed at least annually and/or following any updates to national and local guidance and procedures.

Key Contacts

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Headteacher of equivalent	Nicola Collins		
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equivalent			
Other key staff e.g. Trust	1	/	
Safeguarding Lead			

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What to do if you have a concern about a child at St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery

Why are you concerned?

- For example
 - Allegation/ child shares a concern or worry
 - Indicators of abuse or neglect

Immediately record your concerns: CPOMS

- Follow the school's procedure:
 - Reassure the child
 - Clarify concerns if necessary (TED: Tell, Explain, Describe)
 - Use child's own words/ use facts
 - Sign and date your records
 - Seek support for yourself if required from DSL

Inform the Designated Safeguarding Lead: Nicola Collins (HT- ncollins@st-michaels.medway.sch.uk)



Designated Safeguarding Lead

- Consider whether the child is at immediate risk of harm e.g. unsafe to go home
- Access the MSCP Threshold Guidance for further guidance.
- If the child is at imminent risk of harm a referral will be made to First Response 01634 334466
- If the child is **NOT** at imminent risk, then a referral will be made via (the portal)
- If unsure then consult with the First Response 'No Name Consultation line' 9:30 12:30 (01634 33 1662) or First Response on 01634 33 4466
- Refer to other agencies as appropriate e.g. social services, LADO or Police.



If you are unhappy with the response Staff:

- Follow MSCP escalation procedures
- Follow Whistleblowing procedures (Policy can be found on the school website)

Pupils and Parents:

 Follow school complaints procedures (Policy can be found on the school website)

Record decision making and action taken in the pupil/student's Child Protection/safeguarding file

Monitor - Be clear about:

- What **ACTION** you have taken at the time of reporting the concerns.
- What you are monitoring e.g., behaviour trends, appearance etc.
- How long you will monitor
- Where, how and to whom you will feedback and how you will record

Review and **request further support** (if necessary)

At all stages the child's circumstances will be kept under review

The DSL/Staff will request further support if required to ensure the child's safety is paramount

1. Introduction and Ethos

At St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery, we hold a sacred duty to safeguard and nurture the well-being of every child in our care. Safeguarding is a shared commitment, and everyone within our community—be it staff, volunteers, governors, leaders, parents, families, or learners—plays a vital role in upholding the safety and security of this cherished community.

We understand that our duty extends beyond physical safety. It encompasses creating an atmosphere where children not only feel secure but are encouraged to express themselves openly. Every child, from the youngest to the age of 18, possesses the right to be heard, and their thoughts and emotions are valued. Regardless of age, gender, ability, culture, race, language, religion, or sexual identity, every child is entitled to protection.

Guided by the Catholic Social Teachings, we affirm the imperative to treat each individual with equity, fairness, dignity, and respect. We acknowledge the existence of unconscious biases that might influence our perceptions, especially towards children from marginalised backgrounds. We commit to educating and challenging every member of our community to ensure equal access and opportunities for all children, while recognising and addressing any disparities.

Our staff are vigilant against any form of derogatory or inappropriate language or behaviour. They remain watchful for any instances of inappropriate touching or aggression. We are acutely aware that certain groups, including girls, LGBTQ+ identified or perceived students, and those with special educational needs, are particularly vulnerable. We provide a safe space for them to voice their concerns and seek support. We adamantly oppose up-skirting, bullying (including cyberbullying), discriminatory behaviour, and any other form of prejudice. Discriminatory actions are met with intervention, and children are guided on treating others with kindness and respect. We are legally bound to report and document any such incidents. Our staff are well-versed in the Equality Act 2010, the Public Sector Equality Duty (PSED), the Human Rights Act 1998, and recent amendments to these acts, especially as they pertain to safeguarding.

Through their daily interactions with students and their engagement with families, our staff and volunteers play a pivotal role in identifying potential signs of abuse or neglect early on. For many children, our school serves as a sanctuary—a stable and predictable presence in their lives.

St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery is committed to ensuring the welfare and safety of all our students through:

- Prioritising the child's well-being above all else.
- Equipping all staff with the ability to recognise signs of abuse and understand the school's reporting procedures.
- Ensuring that the mental, physical, and emotional health of children is not compromised.

- Offering a comprehensive curriculum encompassing Personal, Social, and Health Education (PSHE) and Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) to empower students to navigate safety and seek help if needed.
- Collaborating with parents to clarify our legal obligation to safeguard and ensure the welfare of all children, which may involve seeking support from external agencies.
- Maintaining confidential records securely and sharing them appropriately with professionals.
- Amplifying the voice of the child in individual case records and policy development.
- Upholding rigorous recruitment processes to verify the suitability of staff, supply staff, volunteers, visitors, and contractors.
- Informing parents about expected standards of behaviour.

At St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery, we expect any member of our community with safeguarding concerns regarding a child or adult to act promptly.

This policy adheres to the guidance outlined in the 'Keeping Children Safe in Education' 2023 (KCSIE) from the Department for Education, aligning with our commitment to ensuring an effective child protection policy. The procedures articulated within this policy are applicable to all members of staff, including governors, temporary or third-party agency staff, and volunteers, consistent with KCSIE 2023.

2. Policy Context

- This policy has been developed in accordance with the principles established by the Children Acts 1989 and 2004 and related guidance. This includes:
 - DfE Keeping Children Safe in Education 2023 (KCSIE)
 - Working Together to Safeguard Children 2018 (WTSC)
 - Ofsted: Education Inspection Framework 2019
 - Framework for the Assessment of Children in Need and their Families 2000)
 - Kent and Medway Safeguarding Children Procedures (Online)
 - Early Years and Foundation Stage Framework 2021 (EYFS)
 - The Education Act 2002
 - The Education (Independent School Standards) Regulations 2014
 - The Non-Maintained Special Schools (England) Regulations 2015
- Sections 175 and 157 of the Education Act 2002 require school governing bodies, proprietors, local education authorities and further education institutions to make arrangements to safeguard and promote the welfare of all children who are pupils or students at a school, or who are students under 18 years of age. Such arrangements will have to have regard to any guidance issued by the Secretary of State.

3. Definition of Safeguarding

- Safeguarding children is defined in Keeping Children Safe in Education 2023 as:
 - protecting children from maltreatment
 - preventing impairment of children's mental and physical health or development

- ensuring that children are growing up in circumstances consistent with the provision of safe and effective care
- taking action to enable all children to have the best outcomes (Children includes everyone under the age of 18)
- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery acknowledges that safeguarding includes a wide range of specific issues including (but not limited to):
 - Abuse and neglect
 - Bullying, including cyberbullying
 - o Children with family members in prison
 - Children Missing Education (CME)
 - Child missing from home or care
 - Child Sexual Exploitation (CSE)
 - Child Criminal Exploitation (CCE)
 - Contextual safeguarding (risks outside the family home)
 - County lines and gangs
 - Domestic abuse
 - o Drugs and alcohol misuse
 - o Fabricated or induced illness
 - o Faith abuse
 - Gender based abuse and violence against women and girls
 - o Hate
 - o Homelessness
 - Human trafficking and modern slavery
 - Mental health
 - Nude or semi-nude image sharing, aka youth produced/involved sexual imagery or "Sexting"
 - Online safety
 - o Child-on-child abuse
 - o Preventing radicalisation and extremism
 - Private fostering
 - Relationship abuse
 - Serious Violence
 - Sexual Violence and Sexual Harassment
 - So-Called honour-based abuse including Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) and forced marriage
 - Up-skirting

(Also see Annex B within 'Keeping children Safe in Education' 2023 p.140)

4. Policy Compliance, Monitoring and Review

- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery will review this policy at least annually. The policy will be revised following any national or local policy updates, any significant national events, local child protection concerns and/or any changes to our procedures.
- The Governing Body has strategic leadership responsibility for St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery's safeguarding arrangements, ensuring that the school complies with their duties under legislation. They ensure policies, procedures and training in the school is effective and complies with the law at all times

- The Designated Safeguarding Leads / Headteacher will ensure regular reporting on safeguarding
 activity and systems in school to the Governing Body. The Governing Body will not receive details
 of individual situations or identifying features of families as part of their oversight.
- This policy is available on our school website and is available on request from the school office.
 We also inform parents and carers about this policy when their children join our school and through our school newsletter.

5. Key Responsibilities

5.1 Governing Body

- The Governing Body/Proprietor and staff have read, understood and will follow Keeping Children Safe in Education 2023.
- The Governing Body/Proprietor and leadership team have a strategic responsibility for our safeguarding arrangements and will comply with their duties under legislation.
- The Governing Body/Proprietor will ensure that all governors/trustees receive appropriate
 safeguarding and child protection (including online) training at induction. This training will be
 regularly updated. This training will equip them with the knowledge to provide strategic challenge
 to test and assure themselves that the safeguarding policies and procedures in place are effective
 and support the delivery of a robust whole school approach to safeguarding.
- Patrick Harrison is the nominated governor for safeguarding, who will take the lead role in
 ensuring that the school has an effective policy which interlinks with related policies; that locally
 agreed procedures are in place and being followed; and that the policies are reviewed at least
 annually and when required.
- The Governing Body/Proprietor will ensure they facilitate a whole school approach to safeguarding. This means ensuring safeguarding and child protection are at the forefront and underpin all relevant aspects of process and policy development. Ultimately, all systems, processes and policies should operate with the best interests of the child at their heart.
- The Governing Body/Proprietor will regularly review the effectiveness of school filtering and monitoring systems. They will ensure that the leadership team and relevant staff are: aware of and understand the systems in place
 - manage them effectively
 - know how to escalate concerns when identified.
- The Governing Body, Headteacher and Leadership Team will ensure that the DSL is suitably supported in their role and has the appropriate status, authority, funding, resources, and training and is assured that the DSL understands they have the responsibility in leading safeguarding and child protection across the school.

5.2 Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL)

• The Designated Safeguarding lead will carry out their roles in accordance with Keeping Children Safe in Education 2023.

- The school has appointed Mrs Nicola Collins (Head Teacher) as the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL), they are a member of the senior leadership team. The DSL has the overall responsibility for the day-to-day oversight of safeguarding and child protection systems in school.
- The St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery has appointed Deputy DSLs who will have delegated responsibilities and act in the DSL's absence.
 - Mrs Fredericks (HSSW), Mrs Panting (DHT) and Miss Daniels (AHT/SENDCO)
- Whilst the activities of the DSL may be delegated to the deputies, the ultimate lead responsibility
 for safeguarding and child protection remains with the DSL and this responsibility will not be
 delegated.
- The Designated Safeguarding Lead and any deputies will undergo appropriate training to provide them with the knowledge and skills required to carry out their role.
- The headteacher will be kept informed of any significant issues by the DSL.
- The DSL and any deputy DSL's training will be updated formally every two years, but their knowledge and skills will be updated through a variety of methods (e-bulletins, conferences, local meetings, other training etc.) at regular intervals and at least annually, to keep up with any developments relevant to their role.
- Availability during term time the DSL (or a DDSL) will always be available (during school hours) for school staff to discuss any safeguarding concerns. Adequate and appropriate cover arrangements will be made for any out of hours/out of term activities
 During school holidays, the DSL will provide appropriate emergency contact details to the MASH Education Lead on the understanding that these will only be used if absolutely necessary and will not be shared elsewhere.

• It is the role of the DSL to:

- Act as main contact point for all school staff to discuss any safeguarding concerns.
- Manage and maintain the confidential paper/electronic case management systems to record concerns about pupils/students to ensure the quality of information is accurate, proportionate, and timely, also assessment/referrals are made appropriately.
- Coordinate safeguarding action for individual children. In the case of Children in Care, the DSL should have the details of the child's social worker and the name of the virtual school head in the authority who looks after the child (with the DSL liaising closely with the designated teacher.)
- liaise with the headteacher or principal to inform them of issues- especially ongoing enquiries under section 47 of the Children Act 1989 and police investigations. This includes being aware of the requirement for children to have an Appropriate Adult. Further information can be found in the Statutory guidance - <u>PACE Code C 2019</u>
- To liaise with safeguarding partners, other agencies, and staff in line with KCSIE 2023 and WTSC 2018.
- Ensure that Medway referral procedures are followed as necessary (see referral process page 2).
- As required, represent and liaise appropriately with other professionals and ensure the school is represented at multi-agency safeguarding meetings (including child protection conferences).
- Act as a source of support, advice and expertise for all staff during term time for staff in the school to be able to discuss any safeguarding concerns.

- Understand the importance of information sharing both within the school and with other schools and agencies.
- To encourage a culture of listening to children and taking account of their wishes and feelings, among all staff; this will assist with any measures the school may put in place to protect them.
- Ensure all staff access appropriate safeguarding training and relevant updates in line with the recommendations within Keeping Children Safe in Education 2023

For further details and information about the DSL role please refer to KCSIE 2023 Annex C p.162

5.3 Members of Staff

All members of staff have a responsibility to:

- Provide a safe environment in which children can learn and promote the child's welfare
- Maintain an attitude of 'it could happen here' where safeguarding is concerned and to always act in the best interests of the child
- Understand the early help process and their role in it.
- Be aware of the indicators of abuse and neglect, so they can identify cases of children who may be in need of help or protection.
- Understand that children may not feel ready to, or know how to, tell someone they are being abused, exploited, or neglected and/or that they may not recognise their experiences as harmful. This could be due to their vulnerability, disability and/or sexual orientation or language barriers. They may feel embarrassed, humiliated or be being threatened. This should not prevent staff from having a professional curiosity and speaking to the DSL if they have concerns any about a child.
- Consider wider environmental factors in a child's life that may be a threat to their safety and/or welfare.
- Be aware of the process of making referrals to children's social care and statutory assessment under the Children Act 1989.
- Know what to do if a child tells them that he or she is being abused or neglected and understand the impact abuse and neglect can have upon a child.
- Know how to maintain an appropriate level of confidentiality.
- Understand and comply with this policy and understand other safeguarding policies and systems.
- To undertake regular and appropriate training, that is regularly updated.
- Be aware of, and take appropriate action to raise concerns, about poor or unsafe practice, or potential failures in the school safeguarding regime. (This may include accessing the school whistleblowing policy)

5.4 Children and Young People

Children and young people (pupils/students) have a right to:

- Contribute to the development of school safeguarding policies.
- Report abuse confidently, knowing concerns will be taken seriously and that they will be listened to and effective action will be taken.
- Seek help from a trusted adult and feel listened to.
- Learn how to keep themselves safe by recognising when they are themselves at risk and how to get help when they need it, including online.

5.5 Parents and Carers

Parents/carers have a responsibility to:

- Work in partnership with the school to safeguard and promote the welfare of child/ren and understand St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery's statutory responsibilities in this area.
- Read and adhere to the relevant school/policies and procedures.
- Talk to their children about safeguarding issues and support the school in their safeguarding approaches.
- Identify behaviours which could indicate that their child is at risk of harm, including online
- Seek help and support from the school, or other appropriate agencies.
- We are committed to working with parents positively, openly, and honestly. We ensure that all parents are treated with respect, dignity, and courtesy. We respect parents' rights to privacy and confidentiality and will not share sensitive information unless we have permission, or it is necessary to do so to safeguard a child/ren.

The welfare and safety of children is the responsibility of all staff in school and ANY concern for a pupil's welfare MUST be reported to the Designated Safeguarding Lead.

6 Recognising Indicators of Abuse and Neglect

- As a school, we are aware that abuse, neglect and safeguarding issues are rarely individual events
 that can be covered by one definition or label. In most cases multiple issues will overlap with one
 another, for further guidance: Responding to Abuse and Neglect. This is outlined locally with the
 Medway Threshold Guidance
- Knowing what to look for is vital to the early identification of abuse and neglect. If staff are unsure, they should always speak to the Designated Safeguarding Lead (or a deputy).
- All staff in school should be aware of the definitions and indicators of abuse and neglect. There
 are four categories of abuse:
 - Physical abuse: a form of abuse which may involve hitting, shaking, throwing, poisoning, burning or scalding, drowning, suffocating or otherwise causing physical harm to a child.
 - **Emotional abuse**: the persistent emotional maltreatment of a child such as to cause severe and adverse effects on the child's emotional development.
 - Sexual abuse: involves forcing or enticing a child or young person to take part in sexual activities, not necessarily involving a high level of violence, whether or not the child is aware of what is happening.
 - **Neglect**: the persistent failure to meet a child's basic physical and/or psychological needs, likely to result in the serious impairment of the child's health or development.

The most up to date definitions and possible indicators and signs of abuse are found in Appendix 1 of this document. Staff should also refer to What to do if you are worried a child is being abused 2018.

- All staff should be aware that safeguarding incidents and/or behaviours can be associated with
 factors outside the school or college and/or can occur between children outside of these
 environments. Indicators of abuse and neglect do not automatically mean a child is being abused,
 however all concerns should be taken seriously and explored by the DSL on a case-by-case basis.
- The warning signs and symptoms of child abuse and neglect can vary from child to child. Children also develop and mature at different rates, so what appears to be worrying behaviour for a younger child, might be normal for an older child.
- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery recognises that some children have additional or complex needs and may require access to intensive or specialist services to support them.
- All staff, but especially the Designated Safeguarding Lead (and deputies), should consider whether
 children are at risk of abuse or exploitation in situations outside their families. Extra-familial
 harms take a variety of different forms and children can be vulnerable to multiple harms including
 (but not limited to) sexual exploitation, criminal exploitation, and serious youth violence.
- Parental behaviours may also indicate child abuse or neglect, so staff should also be alert to
 parent-child interactions or concerning parental behaviours; this could include parents who are
 under the influence of drugs or alcohol, or if there is a sudden change in their mental health.
- Children may report abuse happening to themselves, their peers or their family members. All
 reports made by children to staff will be taken seriously and will be responded to in line with this
 policy.
- By understanding the warning signs, we can respond to problems as early as possible and provide
 the right support and services for the child and their family. It is important to recognise that a
 warning sign doesn't automatically mean a child is being abused.

7 Specific Safeguarding Issues

- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery is aware of environmental factors which may impact on a child's welfare and safety and understand safeguarding in the wider context.
- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery staff are mindful that early information sharing is vital for the effective identification, assessment, and allocation of appropriate service provision, whether this is when problems first emerge, or where a child is already known to local authority children's social care (such as a Child in Need, or Child Protection, plan).
- All staff should have an awareness of safeguarding issues that can put children at risk of harm.
 Behaviours linked to issues such as drug taking, alcohol abuse, deliberately missing education, and sharing nudes or semi-nude images (also known as youth produced sexual imagery) put children in danger. The categories/issues that follow are by no means an exhaustive list, but give an indication of the current themes in safeguarding and protecting children.

7.1 Child-on-Child Abuse

St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery recognises that children are capable of abusing their peers This referred to as child-on-child abuse and can take many forms. (Child-on Child abuse policy can be found on the school website)

- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery believes that abuse is abuse and it will never be tolerated or passed off as "banter", "just having a laugh" or "part of growing up". All victims will be taken seriously and offered appropriate support, regardless of where the abuse takes place.
- **St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery** recognises that child-on-child abuse can take many forms, including but not limited to:
 - bullying, including cyberbullying
 - physical abuse which can include hitting, kicking, shaking, biting, hair pulling, or otherwise causing physical harm
 - sexual violence and sexual harassment
 - 'up-skirting', which typically involves taking a picture under a person's clothing without them knowing, with the intention of viewing their genitals or buttocks to obtain sexual gratification, or to cause the victim humiliation, distress or alarm
 - nude or semi-nude image sharing (also known as 'sexting' or youth produced/involved sexual imagery)
 - initiation/hazing type violence and rituals
- Staff and leadership recognise that that some child-on-child abuse issues may be affected by
 gender, age, ability and culture of those involved, (i.e. for gender-based abuse, girls are more
 likely to be victims and boys more likely to be perpetrators) however, all child-on-child abuse is
 unacceptable and all reports will be taken seriously.
- To minimise the risk of child-on-child abuse, we are committed to implementing a comprehensive approach that includes the following measures:
 - Robust Anti-Bullying Policy: We maintain a well-defined anti-bullying policy that outlines our commitment to a safe and inclusive environment. This policy is regularly reviewed and updated to address emerging concerns. (Anti- bullying policy can be found on the school website)
 - 2. Age-Appropriate PSHE and RSE Curriculum: We provide age and ability-appropriate Personal, Social, Health, and Economic (PSHE) and Relationship and Sex Education (RSE) curricula. These curricula include discussions on respectful behaviour, consent, boundaries, and the importance of reporting concerns. St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery follows Life to the Full by Ten Ten Resources. Ten Ten is an award-winning Catholic educational organisation well-respected and experienced in this field of work. The Life to the Full programme is based on the structure of 'A Model Catholic RSE Curriculum' by the Catholic Education Service. This model curriculum was highlighted as a work of good practice by the Department of Education. (RSHE curriculum can be found on the school website)
 - 3. Reporting Mechanisms: We offer multiple reporting mechanisms to ensure students, staff, and parents can easily share concerns. These mechanisms include 'Worry Boxes', which are placed in accessible locations within the classrooms for students to submit anonymous concerns and 'Anti-Bullying champions'. The anti-bullying champion plays a vital role in raising awareness about bullying, offering support to victims, and promoting a respectful and

- inclusive school environment through various initiatives and monitoring of bullying incidents (with the help of adults).
- 4. Regular Training and Awareness: Our staff and students undergo regular training and awareness programs to recognise signs of abuse, understand the importance of reporting, and promote a culture of safeguarding.

By implementing these measures, we aim to create a safe and supportive environment where all members of our school/college community feel empowered to report concerns and contribute to the prevention of child-on-child abuse.

- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery will not tolerate, dismiss or minimise any harmful behaviours in school and will take swift action to intervene when this occurs. All allegations of child-on-child abuse will be recorded, investigated, and dealt with in line with associated school/college policies, including child protection, anti-bullying and behaviour.
- Alleged victims, perpetrators, and any other child affected by child-on-child abuse will receive our full support, including:
 - Taking Reports Seriously: We treat all reports of abuse with utmost seriousness and confidentiality.
 - Active Listening: We listen carefully to the concerns and experiences of those involved without victim-blaming.
 - Appropriate Pastoral Support: We provide comprehensive pastoral care and counselling services to help those affected (Drawing and Talking therapy, Lego Therapy, ELSA and Play Therapy).
 - Collaboration with Parents/Carers: We work closely with parents and caregivers to ensure the well-being and safety of the child.
 - Educational Approach Review: We continuously review and adapt our educational approaches to prevent future incidents.
 - In Cases of Sexual Assault: In cases of sexual assault, we promptly inform the police and/or First Response agencies to ensure a thorough investigation and appropriate action is taken.
- The school will take steps to ensure that appropriate curriculum time is dedicated to enabling children to develop an awareness and understanding of abusive behaviour and minimise the risk of all forms of child-on-child abuse. We will also ensure that children recognise warning signs and what support is available, both within the school and externally (such as Kent Police, ChildLine etc.).

7.2 Child on Child Sexual Violence or Harassment

- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery follows the guidance outlined in part five of KCSIE 2023 which has now merged with the content of DfE guidance 'Sexual Violence and Sexual Harassment Between Children in Schools and Colleges'. When responding to concerns relating to child-on-child sexual violence or harassment
 - If DSLs are unsure how to proceed, advice will be sought from the Education Safeguarding Service.
 - o The policy can be found on the school website.
- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery recognises that staff must be vigilant and recognise that information may come from overheard conversations or observed behaviour changes.

- It is essential that all victims of sexual violence or sexual harassment are reassured that they are being taken seriously and that they will be supported and kept safe. A victim will never be given the impression that they are creating a problem by reporting sexual violence or sexual harassment, or be made to feel ashamed for making a report.
- Immediate consideration will be given as how to best to support and protect the victim and the alleged perpetrator (and any other children involved/impacted).
- When there has been a report of sexual violence or harassment, the DSL will make an immediate risk and needs assessment. The risk and needs assessment will be recorded and kept under review and will consider the victim (especially their protection and support), the alleged perpetrator, and all other children, and staff and any actions that are required to protect them.
- Where possible, KCSIE 2023 recommends that two members of staff manage reports of sexual violence and harassment.
- Reports will initially be managed internally by the St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery and where necessary will be referred to Children's Services and/or the Police.
- The decision making and required action taken will vary on a case by case basis, but will be informed by the wishes of the victim; the nature of the alleged incident (including whether a crime may have been committed); the ages and developmental stages of the children involved; any power imbalance between the children; if the alleged incident is a one-off, or a sustained pattern of abuse; if there are any ongoing risks to the victim, other children, adult students or St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery staff; and, any other related issues or wider context.
- We will reassure and teach our pupils/students to understand that the law is in place to protect children and young people, rather than criminalise them.
- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery will regularly review decisions and actions to update and improve policies and practice.
- The school will consider the physical and mental health implications for both the victim and perpetrator. It is identified that both individuals will need additional support and provision of further information about harmful sexual behaviours, and may need signposting to further sources of support.

7.3 Nude and/or Semi-Nude Image Sharing by Children

- DSLs will respond to concerns as set out in the non-statutory UKCIS guidance: <u>Sharing nudes and semi-nudes</u>: <u>advice for education settings working with children and young people</u>' (Updated December 2020)
- The term 'sharing nudes and semi-nudes' is used to mean the sending or posting of nude or seminude images, videos or live streams of/by young people under the age of 18. Creating and sharing nudes and semi-nudes of under-18s (including those created and shared with consent) is illegal which makes responding to incidents complex.

- When made aware of concerns involving nude or semi-nude image taking/sharing involving children, staff are advised to:
 - Report any concerns involving nude or semi-nude image sharing involving children to the DSL immediately.
 - Never view, copy, print, share, store or save the imagery, or ask a child to share or download it – this may be illegal. If staff have already viewed the imagery by accident (e.g., if a child has shown it to them), this must be immediately reported to the DSL.
 - Not delete the imagery, or ask the young person to delete it.
 - o Not say or do anything to blame or shame any children involved.
 - Explain to child(ren) involved that they will report the issue to the DSL and reassure them that they will receive appropriate support and help.
 - Not ask the child or children involved in the incident to disclose information regarding the imagery and not share information about the incident with other members of staff, the child(ren) involved or their, or other, parents and/or carers. This is the responsibility of the DSL.
- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery recognises that nude and semi-nude image sharing (also known as youth produced/involved sexual imagery or "sexting") is a safeguarding issue; all concerns will be reported to and dealt with by the DSL (or deputy).
- the DSL will hold an initial review meeting with appropriate staff and will speak with the children involved if appropriate.
- parents and carers will be informed at an early stage and involved in the process of supporting their children, unless there is good reason to believe that involving them would put a child at risk of harm
- a referral will be made to Children's Services and/or the police immediately if:
 - the incident involves an adult (over 18).
 - there is reason to believe that a child has been coerced, blackmailed or groomed, or there are concerns about their capacity to consent (for example, age or SEND).
 - o the image/videos involve sexual acts and a child under the age of 13,
 - o depict sexual acts which are unusual for the child's developmental stage,
 - o are violent, or
 - o a child is at immediate risk of harm owing to the sharing of nudes and semi-nudes.
- All decisions will be recorded in line with our child protection procedures and will be based on the
 consideration of the best interests of any child involved. The DSL may choose to involve other
 agencies at any time, if further information/concerns are disclosed.
- If DSLs are unsure how to proceed, advice will be sought from Children Services.

7.4 Gangs, County Lines, Serious Violence, Crime and Exploitation

- **St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery** acknowledges the impact of gangs, county lines, serious violence, crime and exploitation and relevant concerns will be reported and responded to in line with other child protection concerns.
 - The initial response to a child victim is important and staff will take any allegations seriously and work in ways that support children and keeps them safe.

Child Sexual Exploitation (CSE) and Child Criminal Exploitation (CCE)

- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery recognises both CSE and CCE are forms of abuse and both occur where an individual or group takes advantage of an imbalance in power to coerce, manipulate or deceive a child into sexual or criminal activity.
- Whilst age may be the most obvious, power imbalance can also be due to a range of other factors
 including gender, sexual identity, cognitive ability, physical strength, status, and access to
 economic or other resources. In some cases, the abuse will be in exchange for something the
 victim needs or wants and/or will be to the financial benefit or other advantage (such as increased
 status) of the perpetrator or facilitator.
- The abuse can be perpetrated by individuals or groups, males or females, and children or adults. The abuse can be a one-off occurrence or a series of incidents over time and range from opportunistic to complex organised abuse. It can involve force and/or enticement-based methods of compliance and may, or may not, be accompanied by violence or threats of violence. Victims can be exploited even when activity appears consensual, and it should be noted exploitation as well as being physical can be facilitated and/or take place online.
- Sexual exploitation can be difficult to spot and sometimes mistaken for "normal" teenage behaviour. Knowing the signs can help protect children and help them when they've no one else to turn to. To support in identifying the signs of child sexual exploitation please refer to the Kent and Medway <u>Exploitation Identification Tool</u> and the MSCP Risk <u>Assessment tool for sexually active young people.</u>

Gangs, County Lines and Serious Violence

- Criminal exploitation of young and vulnerable people is a common feature in the facilitation of
 county lines drugs supply, whether for the storage or supply of drugs, the movement of cash, or to
 secure the use of dwellings held by vulnerable people in the rural marketplace this is commonly
 referred to as cuckooing.
- All staff have been trained and recognise the need to be vigilant for the signs and aware of risk factors which may increase the likelihood of involvement in serious violence, exploitation, and gang activity including but not limited to:
 - Being male however professionals need to be aware that girls are also likely to be exploited. indicators for girls who are exploited can be very different to those for boys.
 - Children who associate with other young people involved in exploitation.
 - Children who go missing for periods of time or regularly come home late.
 - Change in friendships/relationships with others/groups.
 - Having been frequently absent or permanently excluded from school.
 - Having experienced child maltreatment.
 - Unexplained gifts/new possessions these can indicate children have been approached by/involved with individuals associated with criminal networks/gangs.
 - Signs of self-harm/significant change in wellbeing
 - Involvement in offending, such as theft or robbery

Further advice for schools and colleges is provided in the <u>Home Office's Preventing youth violence and gang involvement</u> and its <u>Criminal exploitation of children and vulnerable adults: county lines guidance.</u> <u>County Lines Toolkit For Professionals</u> - The Children's Society in partnership with Victim Support and National Police Chiefs' Council

- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery will make referrals to Children's Services and the police if we have reason to believe a student has become involved in these types of activity.
- In addition, where an exploitation concern has been identified, the form linked below will also be completed, to provide intelligence to the police on local exploitation concerns and issues. The portal allows for the reporting of suspected perpetrators of child exploitation and Places and Spaces where Child Exploitation is suspected of taking place and vehicles believed to be connected to be exploiting children. Report an Exploitation Concern Online.

This is for Child Exploitation specifically. General vulnerability concerns still need to be reported directly to the police (101 or 999).

Please note, this portal is also not suitable for reporting crime as is not constantly monitored

7.5 Mental Health

- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery will ensure that all staff have an awareness of mental health problems and be aware that in some cases they can be an indicator that a child has suffered, or is at risk of suffering, abuse, neglect, or exploitation. Staff are aware of how children's experiences, can impact on their mental health, behaviour, and education.
- Where children have suffered abuse and neglect, or other potentially traumatic adverse childhood experiences (ACES), this can have a lasting impact throughout childhood, adolescence and into adulthood. It is important that staff are aware of how these experiences can impact on children's mental health, behaviour, and education.
- Only appropriately trained professionals should attempt to make a diagnosis of a mental health problem. Staff however, are 'well placed' to identify behaviour indicating a mental health problem or being at risk of developing one.
- If staff have a concern about a child's mental health, that is also a safeguarding concern, immediate action will be taken, following the reporting procedures in this policy.

7.6 Online Safety

St. Michael's has a separate policy for Online Safety, which can be found on the school website. This is only an overview of practice and further depth is explored through the 'Online Safety Policy'.

It is recognised by St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery that the use of technology presents challenges and risks to children and adults both inside and outside of school.

- The use of technology has become a significant component of many safeguarding issues. For example, technology often provides the platform that facilitates harm in cases of child exploitation; radicalisation; sexual predation and bullying.
- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery will empower, protect and educate the whole school community in the use of technology and establish mechanisms to identify, intervene in, and escalate any incident where appropriate.
- The DSL has overall responsibility for online safeguarding within the school but will liaise as necessary with other members of staff.

- The DSL and leadership team and Governing Body have read, understood and acted upon all guidance regarding Online Safety within 'Keeping Children Safe in Education' 2023
- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery identifies the breadth of issues within online safety can be considerable, but they can be broadly categorised into four areas of risk:
 - Content: being exposed to illegal, inappropriate or harmful material
 - Contact: being subjected to harmful online interaction with other users
 - Conduct: personal online behaviour that increases the likelihood of, or causes, harm.
 - Commerce being exposed to online gambling, inappropriate advertising, phishing and or financial scams.
- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery recognises the specific risks posed by mobile phones
 and cameras, and, in accordance with KCSIE 2023, has appropriate policies in place that are
 shared and understood by all members of the school community. Further information reading the
 specific approaches relating to this can be found in the school's (The Online Safety Policy,
 Acceptable Use Policy and Image Use Policy can be found on the school website).
- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery uses a wide range of technology. This includes computers, laptops, tablets and other digital devices, the internet, our learning platform, intranet and email systems.
 - All school owned devices and systems will be used in accordance with our acceptable use policies and with appropriate safety and security measures in place
- All members of staff have access to appropriate, regular and up-to-date online safety information as part of their safeguarding training.
- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery ensures that all staff receive training on the expectations, applicable roles and responsibilities, in relation to our filtering and monitoring systems and processes.
- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery ensures that appropriate filtering and monitoring systems are in place on school equipment and systems used by pupils/students and staff, including school devices used by pupils/students at home. (AUP and Online Safety policy can be found on the school website).
- Filtering and monitoring are an important part of school's online safety responsibilities, but they
 are only one part of our approach to online safety. Pupils/students and adults may have access to
 systems external to the school control, such as mobile phones and other internet enabled devices
 and technology. Where concerns are identified, appropriate action will be taken.
- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery recognises that many pupils/students and parents
 will have unlimited and unrestricted access to the internet via mobile phones and other enabled
 devices, this is external to the school's control. Where concerns are identified appropriate action
 will be taken. (Code of Conduct on Acceptable Use policy can be found on the school website.)
- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery will ensure a comprehensive whole school curriculum is developed and in place to enable and equip all pupils/students with the knowledge needed to make the best use of the internet and technology in a safe, considered and respectful way, so they are able to reap the benefits of the online world and manage the risks effectively. DSLs and SLT may find it helpful to access UK Council for Internet Safety (UKCIS) 'Education for a Connected World Framework' and DfE 'Teaching online safety in school' guidance..

- The school will also support parents and the wider school community (including all members of staff) to be aware and alert to the need to keep children safe online. We will share information with parents/carers about:
 - what systems are in place to filter and monitor online use,
 - what children do online as a part of their learning, including the sites they may asked to access.
 - who from the school (if anyone) their child is going to be interacting with online, as a part of remote learning.
 - The DSL will respond to online safety concerns in line with this and other associated policies such as anti-bullying and behaviour.
 - o Internal sanctions and/or support will be implemented as appropriate.
 - Where necessary, concerns will be escalated and reported to relevant partner agencies in line with local policies and procedures.

Where children are asked to learn online at home in response to a full or partial closure:

- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery will ensure any remote sharing of information, communication and use of online learning tools and systems will be in line with privacy and data protection requirements.
- All communication with learners and parents/carers will take place using St. Michael's RC
 Primary School and Nursery provided or approved communication channels; Jotter, Microsoft Teams, Office 365 and Arbor.
 - o Any pre-existing relationships or situations which mean this cannot be complied with will be discussed with the DSL.
- Staff and learners will engage with remote teaching and learning in line with existing behaviour principles as set out in our behaviour policy/remote learning policy/code of conduct and Acceptable Use Policies.
- Staff and learners will be encouraged to report issues experienced at home and concerns will be responded to in line with this and other relevant policies.
- When delivering remote learning, staff will follow our Remote Learning Acceptable Use Policy (AUP).
- Parents/carers will be made aware of what their children are being asked to do online, including the sites they will be asked to access. St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery will be informed of who from the school their child is going to be interacting with online.
- Parents/carers will be encouraged to ensure children are appropriately supervised online and that appropriate parental controls are implemented at home.

Additional guidance for DSLs and SLT regarding remote learning is available at DfE: <u>Safeguarding and</u> Remote Education

- 7.7. Children who are absent from education for prolonged periods and/or repeated occasions.
- All staff should be aware that children going missing and who are absent from education,
 particularly on repeat occasions and/or prolonged periods this can be a vital warning sign of a range of safeguarding possibilities. This may include abuse and neglect, which may include sexual

abuse or exploitation and child criminal exploitation. It may indicate mental health problems, risk of substance abuse, risk of travelling to conflict zones, risk of female genital mutilation or risk of forced marriage.

- Early intervention is necessary to identify the existence of any underlying safeguarding risk and to help prevent the risks of a child going missing in future.
- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery recognises that, when a child is not in school, they may be susceptible to, or exposed to, other risks, so we work with parents and other partners to keep children in school whenever possible.
- Staff are aware of the school's Unauthorised Absence and Children Missing from Education/ Children who are absent from education for prolonged periods and/or repeated occasions procedures (The policy can be found on the school website).

7.8 Domestic Abuse

- Domestic abuse is any type of controlling, bullying, threatening or violent behaviour between
 people in a relationship. Seeing, hearing or experiencing the effects of domestic abuse and/or
 experiencing it in their own intimate relationships, can have a serious, long-lasting, impact upon
 children and is a form of child abuse.
- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery recognises that domestic abuse can encompass, but is not limited to psychological; physical; sexual; financial; and emotional abuse.
- In some cases, a child may blame themselves for the abuse or may have had to leave the family home as a result.

7.9 So-called 'Honour-Based' Abuse

- So-called 'honour-based' abuse (HBA) encompasses incidents or crimes which have been
 committed in the belief that they protect or defend the honour of the family and/or the
 community. These abuses may include female genital mutilation (FGM), forced marriage, and
 practices such as breast ironing. Abuse committed in the context of preserving "honour" often
 involves a wider network of family or community pressure and can include multiple perpetrators.
- All staff need to be alert to the possibility of a child being at risk of HBA, or already having suffered HBA.
- If staff have a concern regarding a child that might be at risk of HBA or who has suffered from HBA, they should immediately follow the school's concern reporting procedures and speak to the Designated Safeguarding Lead (or deputy). As appropriate, the DSL will activate local safeguarding procedures, using existing national and local protocols for multi-agency liaison with police and children's services. Where FGM has taken place, since 31 October 2015 there has been a mandatory reporting duty placed on teachers that requires a different approach (see following section).

Female Genital Mutilation (FGM):

- FGM comprises all procedures involving partial or total removal of the external female genitalia or other injury to the female genital organs. It is illegal in the UK and a form of child abuse with longlasting harmful consequences.
- Section 5B of the Female Genital Mutilation Act 2003 (as inserted by section 74 of the Serious Crime Act 2015) places a **statutory duty** upon **teachers**, to report to the police where they discover (either through disclosure by the victim or visual evidence) that FGM appears to have been carried out on a girl under 18. It will be rare for teachers to see visual evidence, and they should **not** be examining pupils or students.
- The duty does not apply in relation to 'at risk of' or suspected cases (i.e., where the teacher does not discover that an act of FGM appears to have been carried out, either through disclosure by the victim or visual evidence). In these cases, teachers should follow local safeguarding procedures. The following is a useful summary of the FGM mandatory reporting duty FGM Fact Sheet
- Teachers must personally report to the police cases where they discover that an act of FGM
 appears to have been carried out. Unless the teacher has good reason not to, they should still
 consider and discuss any such case with the school's or college's Designated Safeguarding Lead (or
 deputy) and involve children's social care as appropriate.

Forced Marriage

- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery recognise that since February 2023 it has been a
 crime to carry out any conduct whose purpose is to cause a child to marry before their
 eighteenth birthday, even if no violence, threats or another form of coercion are used. As
 with the existing forced marriage law, this applies to non-binding, unofficial 'marriages' as well
 as legal marriages. (see page 155 of KCSIE 23) (Legal age increases to 18)
- Multi-agency statutory guidance for dealing with forced marriage, which can found at <u>The right to choose: government guidance on forced marriage</u>. Guidance for schools can be found in Section 8. School and college staff can contact the Forced Marriage Unit if they need advice or information: Contact: 020 7008 0151 or email fmu@fcdo.gov.uk.
- Staff at St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery will use the school's concern reporting
 system if they have any reason to believe that a child may be at risk of being taken out of the
 country for the purposes of a forced marriage.

Breast Ironing

- Breast Ironing is a form of child abuse. See the CPS legal guidance on <u>Child Abuse</u>
- Breast Ironing is the process whereby young pubescent girls' breasts are ironed, massaged and/or
 pounded down using hard or heated objects in order for the breasts to disappear or delay the
 development of the breasts entirely. It is believed that by carrying out this act, young girls will be
 protected from harassment, rape, abduction and early forced marriage and therefore be kept in
 education
- There are potentially significant physical and psychological consequences and risks related to this
 practice. Breast Ironing is a form of child abuse. Therefore, professionals must follow their Local
 Safeguarding Children's Board Procedures.

7.10 Preventing radicalisation

- The Counter Terrorism and Security Act 2015 placed a duty on specified authorities, which includes schools, to have due regard to the need to prevent people from being drawn into terrorism (the PREVENT duty). The school's work in promoting life in modern Britain and promoting Fundamental British Values (democracy; the rule of law; individual liberty; mutual respect for and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs and for those without faith) through the curriculum and pastoral programs underpins this strategy.
- Staff should be aware that there is no single way of identifying whether a child is likely to be susceptible to an extremist ideology. Background factors combined with specific influences such as family and friends may contribute to a child's vulnerability. Similarly, radicalisation can occur through many different methods (such as social media) and settings (such as the internet).
- The department has published advice for schools on the <u>Prevent duty</u>. The advice is intended to complement the Prevent guidance and signposts other sources of advice and support.
- Every member of staff at St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery recognises that protecting children exposed to radicalisation and extremism is the same as safeguarding against any other vulnerability and should be approached in the same way.
- All staff and governors should complete the <u>Prevent online Awareness training</u> package developed by the Home Office which includes guidance on how to identify people who may be susceptible to being drawn into terrorism, and how to refer them into the Channel process.

7.11 Looked after children, previously looked after children and care leavers

- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery acknowledges and understand the common reason for children becoming looked after is as a result of abuse and/or neglect and a previously looked after child potentially remains vulnerable.
- The school has a 'designated teacher' (Victoria Daniels (AHT/SENDCO- vdaniels@st-michaels.medway.sch.uk) who works with local authorities to promote the educational achievement of registered pupils/students who are looked after or who have been previously looked after.
- The designated teacher will work with the DSL to ensure appropriate staff have the
 information they need in relation to a child's looked after legal status, contact arrangements
 with birth parents or those with parental responsibility, care arrangements and the levels of
 authority delegated to the carer by the authority looking after them.
- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery understands their responsibility to inform the
 Local Authority via First Response, of Private fostering arrangements when they believe that a
 child is being cared for as part of a private fostering arrangement. (When a child under 16, or
 18 if they are disabled, is cared for and lives with an adult who is not a close relative for 28
 days or more.)

8 Child Protection Procedures

- **St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery** adheres to the MSCP Safeguarding Children Procedures. The full MSCP procedures and additional guidance relating to specific safeguarding issues can be found on the MSCP website https://www.medwayscp.org.uk/mscb/
- If staff have **any concerns** about a child's welfare, they should act on them immediately. See page 4 for the flow chart setting out the concern reporting process for staff.
- If a child is at risk of imminent danger or harm concerns will need to be referred by telephone to First Response 01634 33 44 66 Monday to Friday for 9am to 5pm
 Out of hours on 03000 419 191 and/or the police.
 If it is an emergency the police need to be called on 999.
- If there are child protection concerns the role of the school is NOT to investigate but to recognise and refer.
- Less urgent concerns or requests for support will be referred to Children's Social Care and Early Help via the Medway Concerned about a child online form (the Portal)
- Once staff have reported their concerns, the DSL will make a decision about what action to take, these include:
 - continuing to closely monitor the situation
 - managing any support for the child internally, via the school's own pastoral support processes.
 - a referral to Family Solutions or for an Early Help Assessment
 - a referral to Children's Services for statutory intervention.

All information and actions taken including the reasons for any decision/actions made, will be fully documented on a child's record. Actions will be assigned to a specific member of the safeguarding team and will have a review date

- All staff are aware of the process for making contact with Children's Services for statutory
 assessments under the Children Act 1989, along with the role they might be expected to play in
 such assessments.
- Wherever possible, the school will share safeguarding concerns, or the intention to refer a child to Children's Services, with parents or carers. However, staff will not do so where it is felt that to do so could place the child at greater risk of harm or impede a criminal investigation. On occasions it may be necessary to consult with Front Response (9:30-5pm weekdays) on 01634 33 44 66 and/ or the Police (101) for advice on when to share information with parents/carers.
- If the DSL is not available to discuss an immediate and urgent concern, staff can seek advice from
 the Deputy DSLs. They may also seek advice from the 'No Name Consultation' at Medway Front
 Door (9:30-12:30 weekdays) on 01634 33 16 62. If anyone other than the DSL/DDSL makes a
 referral to external services, then they will inform the DSL/DDSL and Headteacher, as soon as
 possible.
- Staff may pass information about a child to the DSL but remain anxious about action subsequently taken. Staff should feel able to check the progress of a case with the DSL, so they can reassure themselves the child is safe, and their welfare is being considered. If, in following this process, the

staff member remains concerned, it is their responsibility to follow the school's escalation or whistleblowing process.

- If a child's situation does not appear to be improving, then the DSL (or the person that made the request for support) will consider a re-referral.
- If, after a request for support, or any other planned external intervention, a child's situation does not appear to be improving, the DSL will consider following MSCP escalation procedures to ensure their concerns have been addressed and, most importantly, that the child's situation improves. DSLs may request support with this via the Education Safeguarding Service.
- All members of staff are made aware of the internal and local Early Help/Family Solutions support services. Where a child is being offered or receiving Family Solutions support, staff will be supported to understand their role in any Early Help assessment or intervention. This includes identifying emerging problems, liaising with other professionals, and in some cases acting as the lead practitioner.
- The DSL will keep all Early Help cases under constant review and consideration will be given to a request for support to First Response if the situation does not appear to be improving or is getting worse (in liaison with the early help practitioner).
- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery is an <u>Operation Encompass School</u>. This means we
 work in partnership with Kent Police to provide support to children experiencing domestic abuse.
 All staff know what Operation Encompass is, and there is a clear process for managing
 notifications in school (See Operation Encompass Policy on school website).

The child's wishes

Systems are in place for children to express their views and give feedback. All systems and processes operate with the **best** interests of the child at their heart. **However this should not prevent safeguarding action being taken, for the child or children involved.**

9 Record Keeping

- Well-kept records are essential to good child protection practice. Our school is clear about the need to record any concern about a child or children within our school and when these records should be shared with other agencies.
- All concerns, discussions and decisions made, and the reasons for those decisions, are recorded in writing on the school's safeguarding on-line recording system-CPOMS.
- Child Protection records will usually record facts and not personal opinions. If a staff member records an opinion, this should be made explicit in the recording.
- A body map will be completed if injuries or marks have been observed.
- Photographs of injuries should <u>NOT</u> be taken by staff; staff should use body maps to detail
 concerns. Taking photos of injuries can be traumatic and distressing for children and staff. Staff
 should not examine a child and should only record what they can see.
- If photos of injuries are required for evidence purposes, this should be directed/carried out by the Police. If you are asked to take photos of an injury by a social worker or police officer, clearly state

in the records who asked you to do this, name, date, time, and ensure you record the individual's rationale behind this decision. Staff can challenge this request if they do not feel comfortable and wait for a Social worker/ Police officer to attend.

- Records will be completed as soon as possible after the incident/event, using the child's words, and will be signed and dated by the member of staff making the report. If members of staff are in any doubt about recording requirements, they will discuss their concerns with the DSL.
- Safeguarding records are kept for individual children and are maintained separately from all other
 records relating to the child in the school. Safeguarding records are kept in accordance with data
 protection legislation and are retained centrally and securely by the DSL. Safeguarding records are
 highly confidential and shared with staff on a 'need to know' basis only.
- All safeguarding records will be transferred in accordance with data protection legislation to the child's subsequent school/setting, under confidential and separate cover. These will be given to the new DSL, within 5 days of the child starting at their new school and a receipt of delivery will be obtained.

10 Child protection files

- Where children leave the school or college (including in year transfers) the Designated
 Safeguarding Lead will ensure their child protection file is transferred to the new school or college
 within 5 days for an in-year transfer or within the first 5 days of the start of a new term. This
 should be done separately from the main pupil file, ensuring secure transit, and confirmation of
 receipt should be obtained.
- Receiving schools and colleges should ensure key staff such as Designated Safeguarding Leads and SENCOs, or the named person with oversight for SEN in colleges, are aware as required.
- In addition to the child protection file, the DSL should also consider if it would be appropriate to share any information with the new school or college in advance of a child leaving. For example, information that would allow the new school or college to continue supporting victims of abuse and to have that support in place for when the child arrives
- If a child is subject to a child protection plan or there are other ongoing concerns at the time of transfer, then it is strongly recommended that the transferring DSL arrange to meet with the receiving DSL in person, to ensure there is effective transition and handover of information.
- Child protection files should always be kept by the education setting where the child is on role.
 Transferring settings do not need to keep copies of child protection files, but if there is reason to, they do they must be kept in accordance with data retention (see section 7). In cases where there may be ongoing involvement from transferring settings, for example if any siblings still attend your setting, DSLs may wish to take copies of chronologies etc.
- Records are locked in filing cabinets which are stored in a secure locked office storeroom. These
 are to be retained for a minimum of seven years after the pupil has left school or until the pupil
 has reached the age of 25 years, whichever is later.

11 Multi-agency Working

- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery identifies that they have a pivotal role in multiagency safeguarding arrangements. Governing bodies and proprietors should ensure that the school or college contributes to multi-agency working in line with statutory guidance Working Together to Safeguard Children 2018.
- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery recognises and is committed to its responsibility to
 work within the MSCP multi-agency safeguarding arrangements. The leadership team and DSL will
 work to establish strong and co-operative relationships with professionals in other agencies, in
 line with statutory guidance.
- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery will endeavour to identify those children and families who may benefit from the intervention and support of external professionals and will seek to enable referrals (in discussion with parents/carers) as appropriate.
- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery recognises the importance of all Multi-Agencies working with school and the family. They will provide requested reports and support attendance at relevant Safeguarding meetings, including Child Protection Conferences, Core Groups, Strategy Meetings, Child in Need meetings or Early Help/Family Salutations meetings.

All reports from any of the above Professionals are securely uploaded onto CPOMS or MOSAIC and no copies of these reports are made.

12 Confidentiality and Information Sharing

- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery expect all staff to treat information they receive about a children and young people in a highly discreet and confidential manner. Confidential information should **never** be used casually in conversation or shared with any person other than a on 'need to know basis'.
- All members of staff must be aware that whilst they have duties to keep any information confidential, they also have a professional responsibility to share information with other agencies St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery recognises our duty to share relevant information with appropriate agencies in matters relating to child protection at the earliest opportunity as per statutory guidance outlined within KCSIE 2023.
- The Data Protection Act 2018 places a duty on organisations and individuals with regards to processing personal information fairly and lawfully. As a school we adhere to data protection, yet we do not allow this to stand in our way in the need to promote the welfare and protect the safety of our children in our care. DfE "Information sharing advice for safeguarding practitioners" (2018) provides further detail
- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery has an appropriately trained Data Protection Officer (DPO) as required by the General Data Protection Regulations (GDPR) to ensure that our school/college is complaint with all matters relating to confidentiality and information sharing requirements. (Joanne Marsh- Admissions Officer/DPO).
- All staff must be aware that they cannot promise a child to keep secrets which might compromise
 the child's safety or wellbeing. In accordance with statutory requirements, where there is a child
 protection concern, this must be reported to the Designated Safeguarding Lead and may require
 further referral and subsequent investigation by the appropriate authorities.

13 Complaints

- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery has a complaints procedure this can be found on our website and on request from the office. As a school we encourage children and families to raise complaints, concerns or comments with us. We have a robust internal investigation process.
- Safeguarding concerns should be raised with school immediately. If a child is at immediate risk,
 then the individual needs to contact First Response 01634 334466 or the police on 101. All visitors
 are given a safeguarding leaflet that outlines how to share concerns and the code of conduct
 expected by visitors/contractors.
- All reported concerns will be taken seriously and considered within the relevant and appropriate
 process. Anything that constitutes an allegation against a member of staff or volunteer will be
 dealt with in line with section 19 of this policy.

14 Staff Induction, Awareness and Training

- All members of staff have been provided with a copy of Part One of "Keeping Children Safe in Education" (2023) which covers Safeguarding information for all staff.
- Annex A KCSIE 2023 is a condensed version of Part one which is provided to all members of staff.
- School leaders and all members of staff who work directly with children will read Annex B within Keeping Children Safe in Education 2023.
- School leaders and governors including the DSL will have a thorough awareness of the entirety of KCSIE.
- All Members of staff sign to confirm that they have read and understood Part One and Annex B (or Annex A if deemed appropriate) of KCSIE. This is recorded on the SCR Single Central Register
- The DSL will ensure that all new staff and volunteers (including agency and third-party staff)
 receive child protection training and information to ensure they are aware of the St. Michael's RC
 Primary School and Nursery internal safeguarding processes as part of their induction. (This is
 achieved via leaflets, and specific training).
- All staff undergo safeguarding and child protection training (including online safety) at induction.
 The training is regularly updated. Induction and training is in line with advice from the Medway Safeguarding Children Partnership.
- In addition to safeguarding training, all members of staff receive regular safeguarding and child
 protection updates (via email, e-bulletins, staff meetings, National College and notice board within
 the staffroom) as required, and at least annually, to provide them with relevant skills and
 knowledge to safeguard children effectively.
- All staff members (including temporary/supply staff) will be made aware of the school's
 expectations regarding safe and professional practice via the staff behaviour policy (or code of
 conduct) and Acceptable Use Policy. (via email, e-bulletins, staff meetings, National College and
 notice board within the staffroom)

- The Governing Body/Proprietor recognises the expertise staff build through undertaking safeguarding training and managing safeguarding concerns on a daily basis. Opportunity should therefore be provided for staff to contribute to and shape safeguarding arrangements and child protection policy.
- The DSL/Head Teacher will provide an annual report to the Governing Body detailing safeguarding training undertaken by all staff and will maintain an up-to-date register of who has been trained.
- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery has a nominated Safeguarding lead for the Governing Body **Patrick Harrison**, who ensures that all members of the Governing Body access appropriate safeguarding training covering their specific strategic responsibilities, at induction and on a regular basis. Training will provide them with the knowledge to ensure their school's safeguarding policies and procedures are effective. This includes governors' strategic responsibility for online safety.

15 Safe Working Practice

- All members of staff are required to work within clear guidelines on Safe Working Practice / the school's Code of Conduct. The DSL will ensure that all staff and volunteers have read this policy and code of conduct and understand that their behaviour and practice must be in line with it.
- Staff should be aware of the school's Behaviour Management and Physical Intervention Policies, and any physical interventions must be in line with agreed policy and procedures and national guidance.
- A list of staff who have accessed physical intervention training will be kept by the
 Headteacher/Designated Safeguarding Lead and updated in-line with use of reasonable force DfE
 guidance. All incidents will be recorded in line with guidance.
- There may be circumstances when it is appropriate for staff to use reasonable force in order to safeguard children from harm. Further information regarding our approach and expectations can be found in our positive handling policy (The policy can be found on the school website).
- If staff, visitors, volunteers or parent helpers are working with children alone they will, wherever possible, be visible to other members of staff. They will be expected to inform another member of staff of their whereabouts in school, who they are with, for how long. Doors, ideally, should have a clear glass panel in them and be left open.
- Guidance about acceptable conduct and safe practice will be given to all staff and volunteers
 during induction. These are sensible steps that every adult should take in their daily professional
 conduct with children. This advice can be found in <u>Guidance for safer working practice for those
 working with children and young people in education settings May 2019</u> (Safer Recruitment
 consortium). All staff and volunteers are expected to carry out their work in accordance with this
 guidance and will be made aware that failure to do so could lead to disciplinary action.
- Staff should be particularly aware of the professional risks associated with the use of electronic communication (e-mail; mobile phones; texting; social network sites) and should familiarise themselves with advice and professional expectations outlined in the school's Online Safety Policy and Acceptable Use Policy (The policy can be found on the school website).

16 Staff Supervision and Support

- Any member of staff affected by issues arising from concerns for children's welfare or safety can seek support from the DSL.
- The induction process will include familiarisation with safeguarding and child protection responsibilities and procedures to be followed if members of staff have any concerns about a child's safety or welfare.
- The school will provide appropriate supervision and support for all members of staff to ensure that:
 - All staff are competent to carry out their responsibilities for safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children
 - All staff will be supported by the DSL in their safeguarding role.
 - All members of staff have regular reviews of their own practice to ensure they improve over time.
- The DSL will also put staff in touch with outside agencies for professional support if required. Staff can also approach organisations such as their Union, the Education Support Partnership or other support bodies directly.

17 Safer Recruitment

- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery values the importance of developing a safe culture and is committed to ensure that all steps are taken to recruit staff and volunteers who are safe to work with our pupils/students and staff.
- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery will use the recruitment and selection process to
 deter, identify and reject unsuitable candidates. We will ensure that detailed checks are carried
 out and evidence is provided e.g. criminal record checks (Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS)
 checks), barred list checks and prohibition checks, together with references and interview
 information this will aid the school in deciding about the suitability of the prospective
 employee.
- The school will carry out an online search on shortlisted candidates to help identify any issues that are publicly available online which may be relevant to their suitability to work with children and/or may have an impact on the school/academy's reputation.
- The Governing Body will ensure that at least one of the persons who conducts the interview
 has completed safer recruitment training. At all times the Headteacher and Governing Body
 will ensure that safer recruitment practices are followed in accordance with the requirements
 of 'Keeping Children Safe in Education', DfE (2023). (The Safer Recruitment and DBS policy
 and procedures can be found on the school website).
- Safer recruitment procedures will include the requirement for appropriate checks in line with national guidance (see: <u>Safeguarding Children and Safer Recruitment</u>)
- The school maintains an accurate Single Central Record (SCR) in line with statutory guidance.
- Where appropriate we are committed to supporting the statutory guidance from the
 Department for Education on the application of the Childcare (Disqualification) Regulations
 2009 and related obligations under the Childcare Act 2006 in schools.

- We advise all staff to disclose any reason that may affect their suitability to work with children including convictions, cautions, court orders, cautions, reprimands and warnings.
- Where the school places a learner with an alternative provision provider, the school will
 continue to be responsible for the safeguarding of that child. The school will undertake
 appropriate checks to ensure the provider meets the needs of the pupil, including written
 confirmation that appropriate safeguarding checks have been carried out on individuals
 working at the establishment.

18 Allegations Against Members of Staff, including Supply Staff, Contractors and Volunteers

- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery recognises that allegations sometimes arise from a
 differing understanding of the same event, but when they occur, they are distressing and difficult
 for all concerned. We also recognise that many allegations are genuine and there are some adults
 who deliberately seek to harm or abuse children.
- All staff, contractors and volunteers should feel able to raise concerns about poor or unsafe practice and such concerns will always be taken seriously by the senior leadership team.
- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery understands the duty to refer to the LADO where it is alleged that anyone working in the school has:
 - behaved in a way that has harmed a child, or may have harmed a child.
 - possibly committed a criminal offence against or related to a child.
 - behaved towards a child or children in a way that indicates he or she may pose a risk of harm to children; or
 - behaved or may have behaved in a way that indicates they may not be suitable to work with children.
- In depth information regarding staff allegations can be found within our Procedures for Managing Allegations against Staff policy. This can be found in the staff room, school office and the school intranet site- SharePoint. All staff and volunteers should feel able to raise concerns about poor or unsafe practice and potential failures in the schools safeguarding regime. The leadership team at St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery will take all concerns or allegations received seriously.
- If staff have safeguarding concerns, or an allegation is made about another member of staff (including volunteers/supply staff/visitors) posing a risk of harm to children, then:
 - Allegations should be referred immediately to the Head Teacher or deputy in their absence who will first contact the Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) to agree further action to be taken in respect of the child and staff member. Please refer to the Medway LADO Leaflet if you need further information.
 - In the event of allegations of abuse being made against the Headteacher then staff are advised that allegations should be reported to the Chair of Governors who will contact the LADO in the first instance.
 - Any member of staff or volunteer who does not feel confident to raise their concerns with the Headteacher or Chair of Governors should contact the LADO directly on 01634 331065.

- The Headteacher or Chair of Governors will seek advice from the LADO within 24 hours of the alleged incident. No member of staff or the Governing Body will undertake further investigations before receiving advice from the LADO.
- Where headteachers are unsure how to respond, for example if the school is unsure if a concern meets the harm 'thresholds', advice will be sought via the Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) Enquiry Line and/or the Education Safeguarding Service

has a legal duty to refer to the <u>Disclosure and Barring</u> Service anyone who has harmed, or poses a risk of harm, to a child, or if there is reason to believe the member of staff has committed one of a number of listed offences, and who has been removed from working (paid or unpaid) in regulated activity, or would have been removed had they not left. The DBS will consider whether to bar the person.

 If these circumstances arise in relation to a member of staff at our school, a referral will be made as soon as possible after the resignation or removal of the individual in accordance with advice from the LADO and/or HR.

18.1 Concerns that do not meet the 'harms threshold'

- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery's Staff Code of Conduct explains what a low-level concern is and the importance of sharing concerns (The Staff Code of Conduct can be found on the school intranet site- SharePoint). We have a clear reporting procedures for children, parents and other people to report concerns or complaints, including abusive or poor practice. We also acknowledge that low-level concerns can arise in several ways from various sources, e.g. suspicion, complaint or a disclosure. Procedures in place for confidentially sharing, recording and handling of low-level concerns (Information can be found in the staff room, school office and the school intranet site- SharePoint.).
- A low-level concern is any concern (no matter how small, and even if no more than causing a sense of unease or a 'nagging doubt') that a member of staff has acted in a way that:
 - is inconsistent with the staff code of conduct, including inappropriate conduct outside of work
 - does not meet the allegations threshold or is not considered serious enough to refer to the local authority designated officer (LADO).
- Low-level concerns can exist on a wide spectrum, from the inadvertent and thoughtless, through to behaviour which is intended to enable abuse.
- Where low-level concerns are reported, the headteacher/principal should liaise with the LADO Service on 01634 331 065
- The Medway LADO policy states that all allegations, including low level are considered with the LADO, please communicate and engage with the LADO in relation to all low-level concerns.

18.2 Whistleblowing Procedure

- All staff and volunteers should feel able to raise concerns about poor or unsafe practice and such
 concerns will always be taken seriously by the leadership team. All members of staff are made
 aware of the school's Whistleblowing procedure (The policy can be found on the school website).
 It is a disciplinary offence not to report concerns about the conduct of a colleague that could place
 a child at risk.
- Staff can also access the NSPCC whistleblowing helpline if they do not feel able to raise concerns regarding child protection failures internally. Staff can call 0800 028 0285 (8:00 AM to 8:00 PM Monday to Friday) or email help@nspcc.org.uk.

19 Safeguarding Children with Special Educational Needs and Disabilities

- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery understands that children with special educational needs (SEN) and disabilities can face additional safeguarding challenges. These children may have an impaired capacity to resist or avoid abuse. The DSL will work closely with the SENDco, who is a DDSL, to plan support as required.
- Adults who work with children and young people with SEND should be aware of the additional needs children may have that could mean they are more vulnerable to abuse and/or less able to speak out if something isn't right. Some children may be vulnerable because they:
 - have additional communication needs
 - they do not understand that what is happening to them is abuse
 - need intimate care or are isolated from others
 - are dependent on adults for care.
- All staff will ensure that children with SEN and disabilities will be able to overcome the barriers
 that exist for this group of children and specifically ensure that those with communication
 difficulties will be supported to make sure that their voice is listened to and acted upon.
- It is important that all staff are aware that children with SEN and disabilities may not always outwardly display indicators of abuse and that some children can be disproportionally impacted by things like bullying and exploitation without outwardly showing signs.
- All members of staff will be encouraged to appropriately explore possible indicators of abuse such
 as behaviour/mood change or injuries and not to assume that they are related to the child's
 disability and be aware that children with SEN and disabilities may not always outwardly display
 indicators of abuse. To address these additional challenges, our school will always consider extra
 pastoral support for children with SEN and disabilities.
- All members of staff receive training on safeguarding children with Special Educational Needs and
 Disabilities through the National College and are directed to further online reading materials
 through NSPCC to support for understanding the risks and vulnerability factors for children with
 disabilities.
- All members of staff are signposted to the relevant legislation containing relevant information for the safeguarding of pupils with SEND including:
 - Working Together to Safeguard Children (2018)

- Safeguarding Disabled Children (2009)
- Children Act (1989, 2004)
- Children and Families Act (2014)

20 Curriculum and Staying Safe

- Working Together to Safeguard Children (2018) states that the curriculum should ensure opportunities for "developing children's understanding, awareness and resilience".
- Schools play a pivotal and essential role in helping children to understand and identify the
 parameters of what is appropriate child and adult behaviour; what is 'safe'; to recognise when
 they and others close to them are not safe; and how to seek advice and support when they are
 concerned.
- The school uses the PSHE and RSE curriculum to increase self-esteem, self-awareness and social
 and emotional understanding, assertiveness and decision making this ensures that our
 pupils/students have a range of strategies to ensure their own protection and that they are able
 to also protect others. Online safety is also integrated into the curriculum.
- The school ensures that teachers that teach the PSHE curriculum have been trained and equipped
 to deliver high quality PSHE education in a safe way. For further information and training on
 Medway PSHE programs please follow the link: <u>School PSHE programmes</u>
- Children feel they can talk to a range of staff when they feel they are worried and can feedback about their school experience. Children at St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery will be listened to, heard and their concerns will be taken seriously and acted upon as appropriate.
- Other systems that exist outside of expected day to day classroom interaction and support include:
 - Anti-Bullying Policy and Ambassadors: An anti-bullying policy outlines the school's commitment to preventing bullying, and student ambassadors can play a role in promoting a culture of respect and reporting any incidents.
 - Anonymous Questionnaires: Regular anonymous questionnaires or surveys can be conducted to gauge students' perceptions of safety and identify areas of concern.
 - Worry boxes: These are physical boxes where students can submit anonymous reports of bullying or safety concerns.
 - ELSA/ Nurture groups: Staff can help resolve conflicts among students, promoting a peaceful school environment.
 - Counselling Services: Access to school counsellors or mental health professionals who can support students dealing with emotional or safety issues (Play Therapy, Drawing and Talking Therapy, Lego Therapy).
 - Parent and Teacher Communication: Regular meetings and communication channels for parents and teachers to discuss safety concerns and collaborate on solutions.
 - Safeguarding Team: A dedicated safeguarding team with Designated Safeguarding Leads (DSLs) who oversee child protection and safety matters.
 - Awareness Campaigns: Regular awareness campaigns and assemblies addressing various safety topics, such as online safety, stranger danger, and respect.
 - External Support Agencies: Collaborations with external support agencies to provide additional support when needed.

These systems and procedures contribute to a holistic approach to ensuring that children feel safe and supported in the school environment.

21 The Use of School Premises by Other Organisations

- Services or activities provided separately by another organisation from time to time may seek to
 use the school premises. The Headteacher or Governing Body will seek written assurance that the
 organisations concerned have suitable policies and procedures in place regarding safeguarding
 children and that relevant safeguarding checks have been made for all staff and volunteers.
- The governing body or proprietor will therefore seek assurance that the body concerned has
 appropriate safeguarding and child protection policies and procedures in place (including
 inspecting these as needed); and ensure that there are arrangements in place to liaise with the
 school or college on these matters where appropriate.
- Without this assurance then an application to use the premises will be refused
- If St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery receives an allegation relating to an incident that
 happened when an individual or organisation was on school premises for the purposes of running
 activities for children (for example community groups, sports associations, or service providers
 that run extra-curricular activities)., St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery will follow their
 safeguarding policies and procedures, including informing the LADO as they would with any
 safeguarding allegation.

22 Security

- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery has a responsibility to provide a secure site that is
 controlled by clear management directives, but the site is only as secure as the people who use it.
 Therefore, all staff and people on the site have a responsibility for maintaining awareness of
 buildings and grounds security and for reporting concerns that may come to light.
- Visitors and volunteers must only enter through the main entrance and after signing in at the
 office will be issued with a school lanyard or visitor's pass. Our school has a clear system of
 ensuring visitors are accompanied/supervised by a staff member.
- If the visitor to the school is partaking in a regulated activity, then a DBS must be seen and registered on the SCR.
- St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery will not tolerate or accept the behaviour of any individual (including parents) that threatens school security or leads others (child or adult) to feel unsafe. This type of behaviour will be treated as a serious concern and may result in a decision to refuse access for that individual to the school site.
- Any individual on site who is not known, or identifiable by a visitor's pass may be challenged by any staff member for clarification and reassurance.

23 Monitoring and Review

- All school staff (including temporary/supply staff and volunteers) will have access to a copy of this
 policy. The policy will also be available to parents/guardians on the school website or on request
 from the office. The school also has a 'child Friendly' safeguarding policy.
- This policy has been written in (September 2023) to reflect the updated guidance and legislation issued in relation to safeguarding children and promoting their welfare.
- All staff will have access to this policy and sign to the effect that they have read and understood
 its contents. The DSL will review the policy following any serious child protection concerns
 (including following learning identified from serious case reviews) or substantiated allegations
 against staff, to ensure that it reflects appropriate, accurate and up-to-date safeguarding practice.
- The policy forms part of our school development plan and will be reviewed annually.

24 Local Support

• All members of Staff at St. Michael's RC Primary School and Nursery are made aware of local support available.

If a child may be at risk of **imminent harm**, you should call **Children's Services First Response Team on 01634 334466** and/or the **Police on 999**

Contact details for The Medway Education Safeguarding Service

Education Safeguarding Officer

- Kate Barry (Non Working Day Wednesday)
- 01634 331017
- kate.barry@medway.gov.uk

Education Safeguarding Officer

- Fiona Veitch (Non Working Day Friday)
- 01634 331464
- o Fiona.veitch@medway.gov.uk

Safeguarding Service Manager

- Maisie Adkins
- o 01634 331065
- o maisie.adkins@medway.gov.uk
- Education Lead in MASH For MASH Related Enquiries only.
 - Harriet Obrien
 - o 01634 331025
 - o harriet.obrien@medway.gov.uk
- Contact details for the LADO:

- o Telephone: 01634 331065
- o Further information and contact details found: Advice and resources for professionals

Children's Social Work Services

- o First Response: 01634 334466 (Monday to Friday from 9am to 5pm)
- o Out of Hours: 03000 419 191

Kent Police

o 101 (or 999 if there is an immediate risk of harm)

• Medway Safeguarding Children Partnership (MSCP)

- o mscp@medway.gov.uk
- 01634 336 329

25 National Support

Support for staff

- Education Support Partnership: www.educationsupportpartnership.org.uk
- Professional Online Safety Helpline: <u>www.saferinternet.org.uk/helpline</u>

Support for Pupils/Students

- NSPCC: <u>www.nspcc.org.uk</u>
- ChildLine: www.childline.org.uk
- Papyrus: www.papyrus-uk.org
- Young Minds: www.youngminds.org.uk
- The Mix: www.themix.org.uk
- Shout: www.giveusashout.org
- Fearless: www.fearless.org
- Kidscape: www.kidscape.org.uk

Support for adults

- Family Lives: www.familylives.org.uk
- Crime Stoppers: <u>www.crimestoppers-uk.org</u>
- Victim Support: <u>www.victimsupport.org.uk</u>
- Kidscape: www.kidscape.org.uk
- The Samaritans: <u>www.samaritans.org</u>
- Mind: <u>www.mind.org.uk</u>
- NAPAC (National Association for People Abused in Childhood): napac.org.uk
- MOSAC: <u>www.mosac.org.uk</u>
- Action Fraud: <u>www.actionfraud.police.uk</u>
- Shout: <u>www.giveusashout.org</u>

APPENDIX 1: Definitions of Forms of Abuse/Specific Safeguarding Issues

Definitions of Forms of Abuse

All school and college staff should be aware that abuse, neglect and safeguarding issues are rarely standalone events that can be covered by one definition or label. In most cases, multiple issues will overlap with one another.

- **Abuse**: a form of maltreatment of a child. Somebody may abuse or neglect a child by inflicting harm or by failing to act to prevent harm. Children may be abused in a family or in an institutional or community setting by those known to them or, more rarely, by others. Abuse can take place wholly online, or technology may be used to facilitate offline abuse. Children may be abused by an adult or adults or by another child or children.
- Physical abuse: a form of abuse which may involve hitting, shaking, throwing, poisoning, burning
 or scalding, drowning, suffocating or otherwise causing physical harm to a child. Physical harm
 may also be caused when a parent or carer fabricates the symptoms of, or deliberately induces,
 illness in a child.

Please click on the hyper link for further information, advice and guidance: NSPCC Physical Abuse

• Emotional abuse: the persistent emotional maltreatment of a child such as to cause severe and adverse effects on the child's emotional development. It may involve conveying to a child that they are worthless or unloved, inadequate, or valued only insofar as they meet the needs of another person. It may include not giving the child opportunities to express their views, deliberately silencing them or 'making fun' of what they say or how they communicate. It may feature age or developmentally inappropriate expectations being imposed on children. These may include interactions that are beyond a child's developmental capability as well as overprotection and limitation of exploration and learning or preventing the child from participating in normal social interaction. It may involve seeing or hearing the ill-treatment of another. It may involve serious bullying (including cyberbullying), causing children frequently to feel frightened or in danger, or the exploitation or corruption of children. Some level of emotional abuse is involved in all types of maltreatment of a child, although it may occur alone.

Please click on the hyper link for further information, advice and guidance: <u>NSPCC Emotional</u> Abuse

• Sexual abuse: involves forcing or enticing a child or young person to take part in sexual activities, not necessarily involving a high level of violence, whether or not the child is aware of what is happening. The activities may involve physical contact, including assault by penetration (for example rape or oral sex) or non-penetrative acts such as masturbation, kissing, rubbing and touching outside of clothing. They may also include non-contact activities, such as involving children in looking at, or in the production of, sexual images, watching sexual activities, encouraging children to behave in sexually inappropriate ways, or grooming a child in preparation for abuse. Sexual abuse can take place online, and technology can be used to facilitate offline abuse. Sexual abuse is not solely perpetrated by adult males. Women can also commit acts of sexual abuse, as can other children. The sexual abuse of children by other children is a specific safeguarding issue in education.

Please click on the hyper link for further information, advice and guidance: NSPCC Sexual Abuse

Neglect: the persistent failure to meet a child's basic physical and/or psychological needs, likely to result in the serious impairment of the child's health or development. Neglect may occur during pregnancy, for example, as a result of maternal substance abuse. Once a child is born, neglect may involve a parent or carer failing to: provide adequate food, clothing and shelter (including exclusion from home or abandonment); protect a child from physical and emotional harm or danger; ensure adequate supervision (including the use of inadequate caregivers); or ensure access to appropriate medical care or treatment. It may also include neglect of, or unresponsiveness to, a child's basic emotional needs.

Please click on the hyper link for further information, advice and guidance: NSPCC Neglect

Specific Safeguarding Issues

Please see below links to information and guidance about specific safeguarding issues. You will find further information in Annex B: Keeping Children Safe in Education 2023

Mental Health

 The department has published advice and guidance on <u>Preventing and Tackling Bullying</u>, and Mental Health and Behaviour in Schools.

In addition, Public Health England has produced a range of resources to support secondary school teachers to promote positive health, wellbeing and resilience among young people including its guidance <u>Promoting children and young people's emotional health and wellbeing</u>. Its resources include social media, forming positive relationships, smoking and alcohol. See <u>Rise Above</u> for links to all materials and lesson plans.

- Mind: www.mind.org.uk
- Moodspark: https://moodspark.org.uk
- Young Minds: <u>www.youngminds.org.uk</u>
- We are with you (formerly Addaction): www.wearewithyou.org.uk/services/kent-for-young-people/
- Every mind matters https://www.nhs.uk/oneyou/

The department is providing funding to support costs of a significant training programme for senior mental health leads and the national rollout of the <u>Link Programme</u>. Training for senior mental health leads, will be available to all state-funded schools and colleges by 2025, to help introduce or develop their whole school or college approach to mental health

Support for Learning Disabilities

Respond: <u>www.respond.org.uk</u>Mencap: <u>www.mencap.org.uk</u>

Domestic Abuse

• Refuge: <u>www.refuge.org.uk</u>

Domestic abuse services: www.domesticabuseservices.org.uk

Women's Aid: www.womensaid.org.uk

• Men's Advice Line: <u>www.mensadviceline.org.uk</u>

Mankind: <u>www.mankindcounselling.org.uk</u>

- National Domestic Abuse Helpline: www.nationaldahelpline.org.uk
- Respect Phoneline: https://respectphoneline.org.uk

Honour based Violence (FGM and Breast Ironing)

- Forced Marriage Unit: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/forced-marriage
- Information and resources https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/female-genital-mutilation
- FGM Factsheet:
 - https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/496415/6 1639 HO SP FGM mandatory reporting Fact sheet Web.pdf
- Mandatory reporting of female genital mutilation: procedural information: <u>www.gov.uk/government/publications/mandatory-reporting-of-female-genital-mutilation-procedural-information</u>
- National FGM Centre http://nationalfgmcentre.org.uk/fgm/

Contextual Safeguarding, Child-on-Child abuse, Sexual Exploitation and Criminal Exploitation:

- Contextual Safeguarding Network: https://contextualsafeguarding.org.uk
- National Crime Agency: <u>www.nationalcrimeagency.gov.uk/who-we-are</u>
- Rape Crisis: https://rapecrisis.org.uk
- Lucy Faithfull Foundation: <u>www.lucyfaithfull.org.uk</u>
- Brook: www.brook.org.uk
- Victim Support: <u>www.victimsupport.org.uk</u>
- Anti-Bullying Alliance: <u>www.anti-bullyingalliance.org.uk</u>
- Disrespect Nobody: <u>www.disrespectnobody.co.uk</u>
- Upskirting know your rights: www.gov.uk/government/news/upskirting-know-your-rights
- Supporting practice in tackling child sexual abuse CSA Centre

Substance Misuse

- Drugs advice for Schools: Gov.uk Drugs advice for schools
- Talk to Frank https://www.talktofrank.com/
- We are with you (formerly Addaction): www.wearewithyou.org.uk/services/kent-for-young-people/

Online Safety

- CEOP: www.ceop.police.uk
- Internet Watch Foundation (IWF): www.iwf.org.uk
- Think U Know: www.thinkuknow.co.uk
- Childnet: www.childnet.com
- UK Safer Internet Centre: www.saferinternet.org.uk
- Report Harmful Content: https://reportharmfulcontent.com
- Parents Info: www.parentinfo.org
- Marie Collins Foundation: <u>www.mariecollinsfoundation.org.uk</u>
- Internet Matters: www.internetmatters.org
- NSPCC/ Net Aware: <u>www.nspcc.org.uk/onlinesafety</u> and <u>www.net-aware.org.uk</u>
- Get safe Online: www.getsafeonline.org

- Stop it Now!: <u>www.stopitnow.org.uk</u>
- Parents Protect: <u>www.parentsprotect.co.uk</u>
- Harmful online challenges and online hoaxes this includes advice on preparing for any online challenges and hoaxes, sharing information with parents and carers and where to get help and support.
- LGFL '<u>Undressed'</u> provided schools advice about how to teach young children about being tricked into getting undressed online in a fun way without scaring them or explaining the motives of sex offenders.

Radicalisation and hate

- Educate against Hate: <u>www.educateagainsthate.com</u>
- Counter Terrorism Internet Referral Unit: www.gov.uk/report-terrorism
- True Vision: <u>www.report-it.org.uk</u>



APPENDIX 2: Related Safeguarding Policies

This policy is one of a series in the school's integrated safeguarding portfolio and should be read in conjunction with the policies as listed below: (to be read and followed alongside this document).

- Accessibility Plan Policy
- Allergies Policy
- Anti-Bullying and Harassment Policy
- Attendance and Punctuality Policy
- Behaviour Policy
- Child Friendly Safeguarding Policy
- Child on Child Abuse Policy
- Children Missing in Education Policy
- Complaints Policy
- Data Protection Policy
- Equality Policy
- Forest School Health and Safety Policy
- Governing Body Equality Policy
- Health & Safety Policy
- KCSIE 2023
- Mobile Technology Policy
- Online Safety and AUP Policy
- Operation Encompass Policy
- Parents, Carers and Visitors Behaviour Policy
- Personal Care Policy
- Positive Handling Policy
- Racial Equality Policy
- Racial Equality Policy
- Relationship and Sex and Health Education (RSHE) Policy
- Safer Recruitment-retention and the single Central Register Policy
- School Uniform Policy
- Sexting Policy
- Social, Moral Development Policy
- St. Michael's Social Media Policy
- Staff Code of Conduct
- Use of photos and Videos Policy
- Visitors Information Leaflet
- Whistleblowing Policy

APPENDIX 3: Procedure for dealing with disclosures (the 6 R's – what to do if)

1. Receive:

- Listen to what is being said without displaying shock or disbelief you display denial to a child or show shock or disgust at what they are saying, the child may be afraid to continue and will shut down.
- Accept what is being said without judgement.
- Take it seriously.

2. Reassure:

- Reassure the child, but only so far as is honest and reliable. Don't make promises that you can't be sure to keep, e.g. "everything will be all right now".
- Don't promise confidentiality never agree to keep secrets. You have a duty to report your concerns.
- Tell the child that you will need to tell some people, but only those whose job it is to protect children.
- Acknowledge how difficult it must have been to talk and reassure them they have done the right thing.

3. React:

- React to the pupil only as far as is necessary for you to establish whether or not you need to refer the matter, but do not interrogate for full details
- **Do not** ask leading questions; "Did he/she....?" Such questions can invalidate evidence.
- Do ask open "TED" questions; Tell explain describe
- Do not criticise the perpetrator; the pupil may have affection for him/her
- Do not ask the pupil to repeat it all for another member of staff
- Explain what you have to do next and who you must talk to

4. Record:

- Make some very brief notes at the time and write them up in detail as soon as possible.
- Do not destroy your original notes
- Record the date, time, place, words used by the child and how the child appeared to you be specific. Record the actual words used by the child
- Record statements and observable things, not your interpretations or assumptions keep it factual.

5. Remember:

- Contact the designated member of staff
- The designated teacher may be required to make appropriate records available to other agencies

6. Relax

Get some support for yourself